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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL	
OMB Number:	3235-0123
Expires:	April 30, 2013
Estimated average burden hours per response:	12.00

FEB 25 2013

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

DIVISION OF TRADING & MARKETS

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-53604

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2012 AND ENDING December 31, 2012
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Integrity Brokerage Services, Inc.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

1945 Stewart Street

(No. and Street)

Oceanside
(City)

California
(State)

92054
(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Joshua Helmle

(800) 863-7511

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Brian W. Anson, CPA

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

18425 Burbank, Suite 606,
(Address)

Tarzana
(City)

California
(State)

91356
(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Joshua Helmle, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Integrity Brokerage Services, Inc., as of December 31, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NONE

Joshua Helmle
Signature

Joshua Helmle

CFO
Title

Shokoh Alempour
Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

State of California County of

San Diego

Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed)

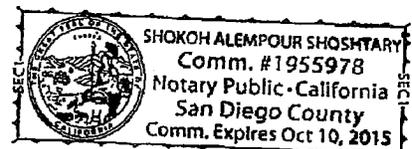
before me on this 27 day of Feb, 2013, by

Joshua Helmle

proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) who appeared before me.

Signature Shokoh Alempour

Shokoh (Seal) *Alempour Shostary*
Title: *Notary Public*
Exp: *Oct 10 2015*



BRIAN W. ANSON

Certified Public Accountant

18425 Burbank Blvd., Suite 606, Tarzana, CA 91356 • Tel. (818) 401-8800 • Fax (818) 401-8818

Report of Independent Registered Public Accountant

Board of Directors
Integrity Brokerage Services, Inc.
Oceanside, California

I have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Integrity Brokerage Services, Inc. as of December 31, 2012 and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to financial statements.

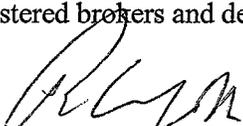
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also included evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Integrity Brokerage Services, Inc. as of December 31, 2012 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on Schedules I-III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in Schedules I-III has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information in Schedules I-III is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

This opinion is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.


Brian W. Anson
Certified Public Accountant
Tarzana, California
February 8, 2013

INTEGRITY BROKERAGE SERVICES, INC.

Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2012

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 74,875
Receivable from clearing organization	38,291
Office equipment, at cost less accumulated depreciation of \$34,103	49,490
Other assets	<u>621</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 163,277</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Liabilities:

Accounts Payable	\$ 10
Commissions payable	<u>6,983</u>
Total liabilities	<u>6,993</u>

Stockholders' equity:

Common stock, 100,000 shares authorized; issued and outstanding	79,854
Additional paid-in-capital	28,134
Retained earnings	<u>48,296</u>
Total stockholders' equity	<u>156,284</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 163,277</u>

INTEGRITY BROKERAGE SERVICES, INC.

Statement of Income
For the year ended December 31, 2012

REVENUE:

Commissions	\$ 430,866
Rebates	22,779
Other income	11,306
Total revenue	<u>464,951</u>

EXPENSES:

Clearing charges	64,229
Commission expense	208,854
Payroll	30,000
Professional fees	5,097
Travel, meals and entertainment	3,639
Other operating expenses	117,295
Total expenses	<u>429,114</u>

NET INCOME BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES 35,837

PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES (Note 1)

Income tax expense 800

NET INCOME \$ 35,037

INTEGRITY BROKERAGE SERVICES, INC.

Statement of Stockholders' Equity
For the year ended December 31, 2012

	Common Stock	Additional Paid in Capital	Retained Earnings	Total Stockholders' Equity
Beginning balance January 1, 2012	\$ 79,854	\$ 4,696	\$ 13,259	\$97,809
Net Income			35,037	35,037
Contributions		23,438		23,438
Ending balance December 31, 2012	\$ 79,854	\$ 28,134	\$ 48,296	\$ 156,284

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

INTEGRITY BROKERAGE SERVICES, INC.

Statement of Cash Flows
For the year ended December 31, 2012

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net income	\$ 35,037
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
(Increase) decrease in:	
Receivable from clearing organization	(9,505)
Other assets	(621)
Increase (decrease) in:	
Accounts payable	(791)
Commissions payable	(10,605)
Total adjustments	<u>(21,522)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>13,515</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:

Purchase of office equipment	<u>(11,000)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(11,000)</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Contributions	<u>23,438</u>
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>23,438</u>

Increase in cash	25,953
Cash - beginning of year	48,922
Cash - end of year	<u>\$ 74,875</u>

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information

Interest	\$0
Income taxes	\$800

INTEGRITY BROKERAGE SERVICES, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Business Activity

Integrity Brokerage Services, Inc. (the "Company") is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company is a California Corporation.

Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

Revenue Recognition

Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis as securities transaction occur.

Short-term Investments

The Company's short-term investment consists of equity securities classified as available-for-sale, which are stated at estimated fair value. Unrealized marketable securities gains and losses are reflected as a net amount under the caption of comprehensive income, net of tax within the statement of earnings and comprehensive income. Realized gains and losses are recorded within the statement of earnings and comprehensive income under the caption other income (expenses.) For the purpose of computing realized gains and losses, cost is identified on a specific identification basis.

Fixed Assets

Property and equipment are state at cost. Depreciation on furniture and computers is computed using the double declining balance method and useful lives ranging from three to seven years. Depreciation on office construction is computed using the straightline method and a useful life of 39 years.

Comprehensive Income:

The Company adopted SFAS No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive income," which requires that an enterprise report, by major components and as a single total, the changes in equity. There were no other comprehensive income items for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Income Taxes

The Company, with the consent of its shareholders, has elected under the Internal Revenue Code to be an S corporation. In lieu of federal corporate income taxes, the shareholders of an S corporation are taxed on their proportionate share of the Company's taxable income. Therefore no provision for federal income taxes has been included in the financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Deposits in clearing accounts total \$75,014. The Company has an agreement with Apex Clearing Corporation and Vision Financial Markets, LLC to clear and maintain customer accounts for the Company. This amount is included in cash and cash equivalents.

INTEGRITY BROKERAGE SERVICES, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2012

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

General

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritized the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820 are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.

Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Company's own data.)

Note 2: DISCLOSURES ABOUT THE FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts of cash, deposits with clearing organizations and prepaid insurance approximate fair value because of the short maturity of the instruments.

Note 3: CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the Instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

Management estimates that 100% of the revenues were generated in the State of California.

Note 4: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC) Rule 15c3-1, which requires the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of \$106,173 of which \$101,173 was in excess of its required minimum net capital. The Company's aggregate indebtedness (\$6,993) to net capital was 0.07 at December 31, 2012, which is less than the 15:1 limit.

Note 5: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

On February 6, 2012 the Company was named in a FINRA arbitration. The claimant states that the Company led the claimant to believe the investment made on her behalf was suitable. The Company has answered the statement of claim and the case is scheduled to be heard by FINRA on February 25, 2013. The Company believes this case is frivolous and without merit.

INTEGRITY BROKERAGE SERVICES, INC.

Statement of Net Capital
 Schedule I
 For the year ended December 31, 2012

	Focus 12/31/12	Audit 12/31/12	Change
Stockholders' equity, December 31, 2012	\$ 156,284	\$ 156,284	\$ -
Subtract - Non allowable assets:			
Office equipment	49,490	49,490	-
Other assets	621	621	-
Tentative net capital	<u>106,173</u>	<u>106,173</u>	-
Haircuts:	0	0	-
	<u>106,173</u>	<u>106,173</u>	-
Minimum net capital	5,000	5,000	-
	<u>\$101,173</u>	<u>\$101,173</u>	\$ -
Aggregate indebtedness	6,993	6,993	-
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.07	0.07	

There were no noted differences between the audit and focus filed at December 31, 2012.

INTEGRITY BROKERAGE SERVICES, INC.

December 31, 2012

Schedule II

Determination of Reserve Requirements
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

The Company is exempt from the Reserve Requirement of computation according to the provision of Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii)

Schedule III

Information Relating to Possession or Control
Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from the Rule 15c3-3 as it relates to Possession and Control requirements under the (k)(2)(ii) exemptive provision.

BRIAN W. ANSON

Certified Public Accountant

18425 Burbank Blvd., Suite 606, Tarzana, CA 91356 • Tel. (818) 401-8800 • Fax (818) 401-8818

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT ON
INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE
REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5**

Board of Directors
Integrity Brokerage Services, Inc.
Oceanside, California

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of Integrity Brokerage Services, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2012 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, I considered its internal control structure, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, I have made a study of the practices and procedures including tests of such practices and procedures followed by Integrity Brokerage Services, Inc. including test of compliance with such practices and procedures that I considered relevant to objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g)(1) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, I did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following: (i) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, (ii) recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13, or (iii) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities of Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Board of Directors
Integrity Brokerage Services, Inc.
Page Two

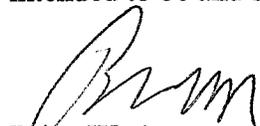
Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

My consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, I noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including control activities for safeguarding securities, which I consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

In addition, my consideration of the internal control structure indicated that the Company was in compliance with the conditions of the exemption under Paragraph (k) (2) (ii) of Rule 15c3-3, and no facts came to my attention indicating that such conditions had not been complied with during the period. The scope of my engagement did not include the Anti Money Laundering provision of the U.S. Patriot Act.

I understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purpose in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on my study, I believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2012 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Brian W. Anson
Certified Public Accountant
Tarzana, California
February 8, 2013